

## **Electoral review of Chichester District**

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- Streamlined decision-making and committee structures
- Reduced volume of ward work through more online transactions
- Out-sourcing of services, eg housing stock transfer
- Smaller managerial and officer organisation
- Difficulty in recruiting councillors

Council Resolution 10 March 2015

#### RESOLVED

That the proposal on council size (Appendix 2 to the Cabinet report), for a reduction in the number of councillors **to approximately 35 or 36**, to be implemented for the district council elections in 2019, be approved for submission to the Local Government Boundary Commission for England (LGBCE).

The Local Government Boundary Commission for England

#### About Us

- We are independent of Government and political parties, and directly accountable to Parliament through the Speaker's Committee
- We are responsible for reviewing local authority electoral arrangements, administrative boundaries and structure
- Our recommendations for this review will be implemented by Parliament

The Local Government Boundary Commission for England

Scope of the review

- Review will decide the pattern of wards for the entire district
- We will decide:
  - Total number of councillors (council size)
  - Number of wards
  - Names of wards
  - Boundaries of wards

#### The Local Government Boundary Commission for England

#### Review Timetable Stage Date Council size LGBCE meeting 19 January 2016 Warding patterns consultation start 26 January 2016 – 4 April 2016 LGBCE meeting on draft May 2016 recommendations Draft recommendations consultation 7 June 2016 - 2 August 2016 LGBCE meeting on final September 2016 recommendations **Final recommendations published** November 2016 Order laid November 2016 Implementation at ordinary elections May 2019 (full council)

# Review process

### How?

#### The Local Government Boundary Commission for England

#### Council size:

Effective representations will address:

Governance and<br/>decision makingScrutiny and outside<br/>bodiesRepresentational<br/>role of district<br/>councillors

Effective representations will address:				
Electoral equality for voters	າເ	Community interests and identities		Convenient and effective local government



LGCBE requires from us:

- Register of Electors (Sept 2015)
- Electorate data: current (Sept 2015) and projected (2021)
- Maps
- List of stakeholders



## **District wide:**

- A. Adult population forecast 2021
- B. Ratio Electors: Adult population 2015
- Electorate  $2021 = A \times B$

## **Polling District Level**

Electorate 2021 = Current electorate + (net new occupied dwellings x electors per dwelling) ± change in existing housing stock

## Warding stage



#### 26 January – 4 April 2016

- Electoral Equality
  Total forecast electorate ÷
  Council size ± 10%
- Community Identity
- Effective & Convenient
  Local Government



- In rural areas, polling districts are usually the same as parishes. Natural building blocks.
- 'A parish which doesn't lie wholly within a district ward must itself be warded. A parish ward must lie wholly within a district ward.' *(LGBCE)*



- December/January: Brief Community Forums and City Council
- January/early February: Warding workshops: Chichester City/Rest of the South/North
- Mid February: Boundary Review Panel (BRP) approves draft warding scheme for consultation
- Late February/March: Consultation (Parishes/WSCC/Political parties/other stakeholders/public)
- Late March: BRP/ Cabinet/Council approve submission to LGBCE